

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
BEFORE THE
FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION

Houlian Chen, Powhatan Energy Fund, LLC, HEEP) Docket No. IN15-3-000
Fund, LLC, and CU Fund, Inc.)

ALAN CHEN'S CITATION OF SUPPLEMENTAL AUTHORITY

We write in the spirit of Rule 28(j) of the Federal Rules of Appellate Procedure to alert the Commission to supplemental authority relevant to this case. Earlier this week, the Supreme Court issued an opinion in a case, *ONEOK, Inc. v. Learjet, Inc.*, 575 U.S. ___, No. 13-271 (Apr. 21, 2015), addressing the scope of the preemptive sweep of the Commission's natural gas regulatory authority. There the Supreme Court stated as follows:

Other times, the information reported reflected "wash trades," *i.e.*, "*prearranged* pairs of trades of the same good between the same parties, involving no economic risk and no net change in beneficial ownership."

Id. at 7 (quoting FERC, Final Report on Price Manipulation in Western Markets (Mar. 2003), App. 215) (italics in original).

That text is relevant to the arguments we made in Alan Chen's Reply to Enforcement at 9-10. As we explained in that pleading, Enforcement curiously was citing a case, *Amendments to Blanket Certificates*, that contradicts its misplaced position. There the Commission confirmed that its prohibition against wash trades does *not* prohibit purportedly *wash-like* trades, but instead limits the definition of wash trades to positions that completely offset (*id.*), leaving, as the Supreme Court just explained, "*no* economic risk and *no* net change in beneficial ownership." *ONEOK* at 7 (citations omitted) (emphasis added). Supreme Court decisions addressing the Commission's regulatory regime are rare. It thus bears noting that this very recent one confirms our views, and contradicts Enforcement's, about the specific contours of the Commission's pre-existing prohibition against wash trades.

